
homework **weekend 15**

1. Which of the following choices correctly identifies the reason the Prophet (S) entered into a treaty of neutrality and peace with the different Jewish tribes in Madīnah?

- A. The Prophet (S) wanted to force the tribes to accept Islam.
- B. The Prophet (S) wanted to banish them from the city.
- C. The Prophet (S) wanted to make them second class citizens by limiting their civil rights.
- D. The Prophet (S) did not want to have internal enemies in Madīnah.
- E. The Prophet (S) wanted to learn about Judaism from the tribes.

2. Which Jewish tribe lived within the city limits of Madīnah?

- A. Banu Qaynuqa.
- B. Banu Qurayzah.
- C. Banu Nadīr.
- D. Banu Asad.
- E. Banu Hashim.

3. Which of the following Jewish tribes first staged an armed rebellion against the Prophet (S) in Madīnah?

- A. Banu Qaynuqa in 3 A.H.
- B. Banu Qaynuqa in 7 A.H.
- C. Banu Qurayzah in 3 A.H.
- D. Banu Qurayzah 7 A.H.
- E. Banu Nadīr in 7 A.H.

4. Banu Nadīr wanted to leave Madīnah, but decided to stay back hoping to receive help from certain people. One of the choices below shows the correct combination of the people whose help they were expecting. Which is the correct combination?

- A. Abdullah Ibn Ubayy, Ansars and Muhajirs.
- B. Abdullah Ibn Ubayy, Ghatafān and Banu Qurayzah.
- C. Banu Qurayzah, Ansars and Quraish.
- D. Quraish, Banu Tamim and Banu Qaynuqa.
- E. Banu Qaynuqa, Banu Qurayzah and Banu Asad.

5. Banu Nadīr conspired with the Makkan Quraish to wage war against the Muslims. In which two battles did they conspire against the Muslims?

- A. Battle of Badr and Battle of Khandaq.
- B. Battle of Uhud and Battle of Tabuk.
- C. Battle of Uhud and Battle of Khandaq.
- D. Battle of Khandaq and Battle of Camel.
- E. Battle of Muta and Battle of Camel.

6. After how many days of blockade against Banu Nadīr did they surrender to the Muslims?

7. According to the conditions of their surrender, Banu Nadīr were allowed to take with them some assets. According to the lesson, what were they NOT allowed to take with them?

8. A chief of Banu Nadīr played an important role in their resistance, surrender and conspiracy against the Muslims. What was his name?

- A. Abdullah Ibn Ubayy.
- B. Abdullah Ibn Masud.
- C. Sa'd Ibn Mu'adh.
- D. Huyayy Ibn Akhtab
- E. Abu Jahl

9. According to the lesson, in which place did Banu Nadīr settle after they were sent into exile from Madīnah?

- A. Only in Khaybar.
- B. Only in Syria.
- C. In Khaybar and Syria.
- D. In Uhud and Tabuk.
- E. In Tabuk and Jerusalem.

10. After which particular conspiracy or event did the Prophet (S) decide to barricade Banu Nadīr to punish them?

- A. After they composed poems praising the Quraish.
- B. After they refused to obey the treaty of neutrality.
- C. After they decided to settle in Khaybar.
- D. After they conspired to assassinate the Prophet (S).
- E. After they protested expulsion of Banu Qaynuqa.